

OFF SOUNDINGS CLUB

2018 Regulation changes and updates

Dear OSC Racing Sailors!

The 2018 season has arrived. Each year we work to improve the Application and the handicapping process. We would like your feedback on how these experiences have worked for you.

MODIFICATIONS The OSC Handicapper reiterates the requirement to list all applicable modifications to your boat. We have defined carefully which modifications are reportable. Specifically we differentiate between repairs, and those changes which are beyond the standard allowed modifications, and that have the potential to substantially affect a boats performance. You **must continue** to list these modifications even if such changes were previously reported as they all need to be listed on your current Handicap certificate. **See Section I of the Regulations.**

ROLLER FURLER RESTRAINED (RFR). Council has codified the handicap adjustments for roller furling headsails so that it applies equally to both spinnaker and non-spinnaker classes.. To receive this adjustment, an owner must specifically select this option in the application process. Please refer to **Section IV of the Regulations** for additional detail.

SAIL MEASUREMENTS Submission of sail measurement certificates is required if you acquired a NEW (or different) rated sail (main sail, largest jib, and largest spinnaker) since your **LAST OSC Handicap Certificate** was issued. These should be obtained from your sailmaker and forwarded to your assigned handicapper. No handicap certificate will be issued until we have valid measurements. If you are unable to obtain a measurement certificate from your sailmaker, contact your handicapper to arrange a measurement.

ASYMMETRIC SPINNAKERS. Section VI of the regulations has been rewritten to more accurately handicap sprit flown "A" sails.

BLOOPERS are classified as a headsail, and as such are subject to the requirements of **Section IV of the Regulations.**

STAY SAILS. The ECSA 2018 regulations have been revised to clarify the use of various staysails while racing in Spinnaker class. Restrictions for the Non-Spinnaker class are also clarified. See **Section IV of the Regulations; paragraphs E, and F are so modified. In Section VIII of the regulations, paragraph E and F are added.**

WATER BALLAST. ECSA will not issue handicap certificates for boats that do not meet the requirements of **RRS Rule 51.**

DEFINITIONS Please note changes to the 'Definitions' in the 2018 Regulations:

- (a) in 2015 we adopted the IMS definition of "**TPS**", and the term, **JPS**, was deleted. When an Asymmetric or Symmetric spinnaker is flown from a pole, **TPS** is equal to **SPL**. A boat only has one value for **TPS**.
- (b) "**JGM**" defines the jib mid-girth for Headsails,. See **Section IV of the Regulations for limits.**
- (c) "**SFL**" was added in added to facilitate spinnaker area calculations.
- (d) "**RFR**" has been added to define Roller Furling Restrained constraints.
- (e) "**SMW**" replaces the term "**G**". See **Section II of the regulations.**

PHRF OF OFF SOUNDINGS CLUB

2018 OSC PHRF REGULATIONS

I. General Regulations

PHRF base boat ratings are established in accordance with the design of a standard boat, equipped as intended by the original manufacturer and maintained in top racing condition. It is the aim of these regulations to equitably assign handicaps, as **Time Correction Factors**. As such these handicaps are determined by the following: **TIME CORRECTION FACTOR (TCF) = $600 / (\text{PHRF} + 480)$** .

- A **Standard Boat** must be equipped to the degree intended by the manufacturer, including those appointments and equipment supplied or intended by the manufacturer, such as joiner work, cushions, galley equipment, standing rigging, etc.
- A **Custom or One-Off Boat** is reviewed, by Council, as initially presented on a case-by-case basis, and normally handicapped "as Sailed". Subsequent changes may be treated as a Modified Boat per below.
- A **Modified Boat** is any standard boat that has been changed in some way that might affect its performance from the original design.

While it is accepted that older boats may often require substantial restoration in order to be maintained in a safe and competitive condition, these repairs and improvements can sometimes have the potential to affect boat speed when compared to the base boat upon which the rating is established. It is the same for newer boats that are modified. For this reason modifications and significant repairs made to any boat need to be documented and evaluated, and rating adjustments may need to be considered on a case-by-case basis to maintain fair racing for all.

Modifications of interest typically include changes to the hull shape or structure, appendages, spars or sail plan, boat weight or propulsion. While some modifications may be allowable under One-Design class rules where all boats are the same, they may require a rating adjustment for racing under PHRF. For this reason, all restorations, repairs and modifications described below and listed in Section IX of these regulations, whether performed by you, others or previous owners, must be reported and noted on your PHRF application. This applies whether they do or do not replicate the original design. The Handicapper assumes the role of assessing modifications to determine whether there is a significant affect on performance requiring adjustment of a boat's handicap. Though only some modifications may require that a rating adjustment be considered, it is not the owner's responsibility to assess the speed significance of a change or to decide which modifications qualify. For this reason we offer the general guidelines below, on what to report (and what not to report) on your rating application.

Modifications and Repairs Which Must Be Reported: (Required)

1. **Hull and Appendages:** Changes that alter either the weight of the boat or the flow of water over wetted surfaces such as size, shape, contour, length, materials, weight, location, center of gravity, etc.
2. **Internal Structure:** All structural work including changes, repairs, additions, or replacement to the original manufactured design and construction of the hull, keel sump, rigging, weight, or weight distribution. This includes (but is not limited to) interior bulkheads, longitudinal stringers, keel sump bracing, tie rods, and compression struts.
3. **Spars:** Changes to weight, length, cross section, design, materials (Carbon Fiber, etc.), external support structure, standing rigging design or materials etc. The modification or addition of a sprit.
4. **Sail Plan:** Guidelines are provided in the OSC PHRF Regulations, Definitions and Adjustment document for all applicable rated sails, Symmetrical and Asymmetrical Spinnakers, Mainsail and Headsails. Other innovative changes to the sail plan, including Roller Furling gear, not covered by the Regulations, must be reported.
5. **Interior Amenities:** Changes that affect weight of the boat including removal or addition of cushions, hatch tops, doors, tables, head, battery, tanks, other furniture or components of basic boat. Replacement of any of these made with lightweight materials.
6. **Mechanical Propulsion:** Changes from original production installation that affect location, weight and/or underwater drag.

Modifications Which Need Not Be Reported: (Not Required)

1. Fairing and Smoothing of the hull, rudder, keel or centerboard that conforms to the original design except as limited by One Design class rules.
2. Additional Sails no larger than the rated sails.
3. Sail Material such as Mylar, Kevlar, Carbon, Dacron, Nylon, etc.
4. Changes to Running Rigging or additions of sail handling gear such as head foil systems, winches, blocks, sail track, Sheeting arrangement, removal or addition of chokers, outhauls, and Cunningham, mast or boom hardware.
5. Cosmetic Changes to the hull, interior, or rigging of the boat not affecting the weight, trim, or speed of the boat.

It is the **sole responsibility** of each boat owner to advise the OSC PHRF Handicapper of any modifications or repairs to his/her boat, that in **any way** alters the configuration of the hull, foils, internal structure, sail plan, mast or rigging of the boat or that could potentially affect the sailing performance of the boat-when compared to the rated standard boat.

With respect to **performance improvements**, the fairness of OSC TCF ratings and of the racing that relies on them is entirely dependent on accurate information being provided to the Handicapper, and on a boat being maintained to continue her compliance with that rating. OSC'S handicapping takes that accuracy and compliance very seriously. Failure to report modifications accurately on PHRF rating applications (or failure to have a boat's rating reconsidered after any modifications are made that might affect that rating prior to the next race) is **a clear breach of RRS Rule 78.1**, and may also **violate RRS Rule 2 (Fair Sailing)**. Competitors and Race Committees are encouraged to protest (and Protest Committees to penalize) boats that fail in this regard, and Race and Protest Committees are requested to report any such penalties to OSC for possible further action, including considering possible disqualification from competition for season trophies. If OSC finds such violations to be intentional and/or part of a pattern of non-compliance, it may well also consider that behavior or any attempt to cover it up as gross misconduct, and call a hearing to take further action under RRS Rule 69 (Gross Misconduct) as prescribed in that rule.

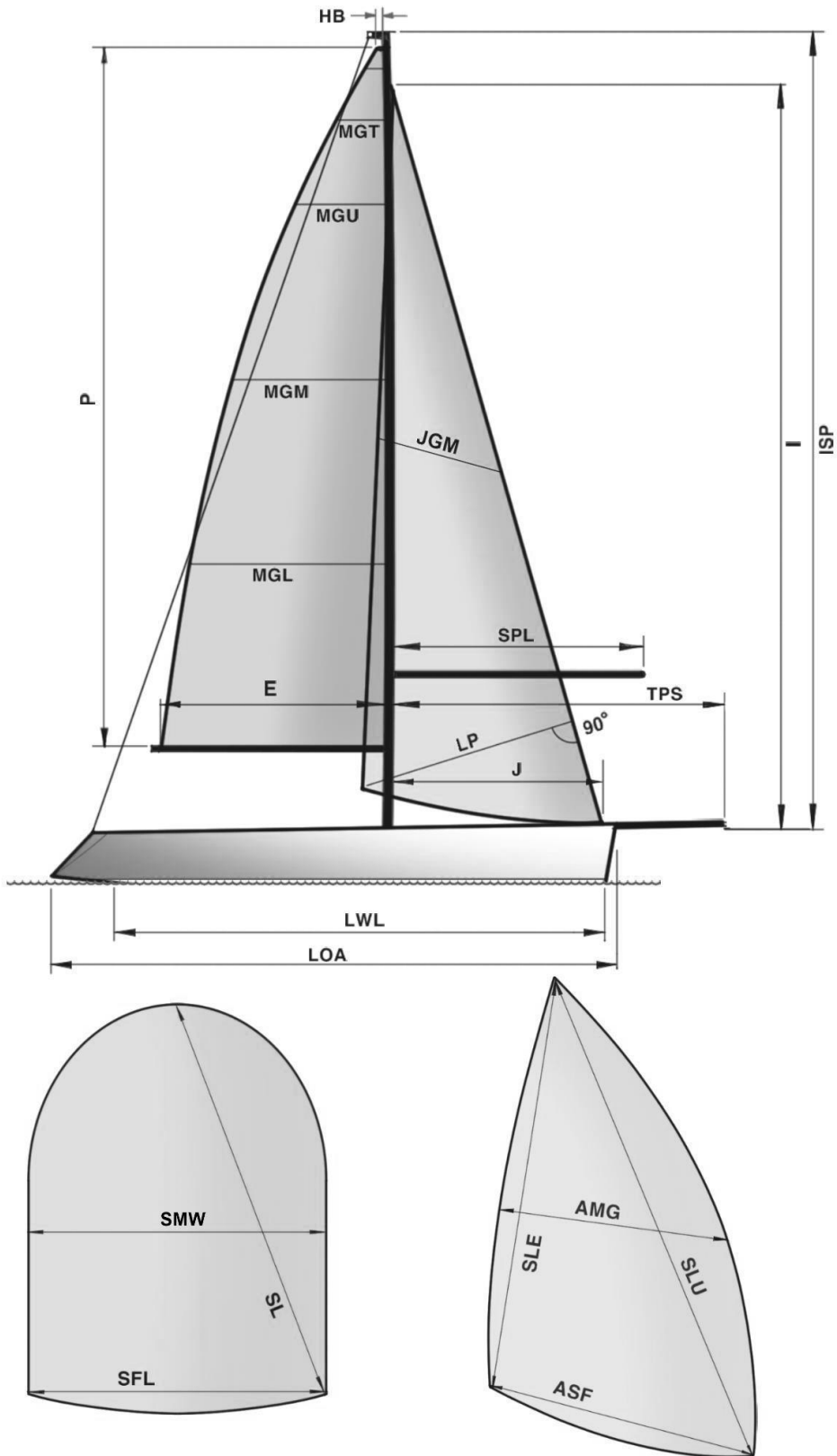
- **To qualify for a handicap**, a boat must be single-hulled and self-righting and meet the requirements of **RRS Rule 51 (Movable Ballast)**. The use of movable ballast, a trapeze, hiking straps, hiking boards, or any other hiking aid is not permitted. Rating changes based on a change in headsail size or a new rated sail will be limited to one per season. Rating adjustments for all hull and rig modifications not covered by the regulations below will be handled on a case basis. [Note: All dimensions shall be given in decimal feet to two places. Please use: 1 Meter = 3.280833 Feet]
- **Boats with an ODR PHRF rating** must conform to the hull, rig, and sail configuration specified by its One-Design Class. Additional class requirements such as limitations on crew weight, hiking, sail materials, number of on-board sails, new sail purchases, etc., will not apply. Practices permitted by the class, but otherwise prohibited by these Regulations, or the Racing Rules of Sailing, such as the use of trapezes or movable ballast, shall not be allowed.

II. Definitions

| | |
|--------------------|--|
| AMG | Asymmetric spinnaker mid-girth, measured from the midpoint of the luff to the midpoint of the leech. |
| ASF | Asymmetric spinnaker foot length, measured in a straight line from tack to clew. |
| ASLIM | Equal to: $1.15\sqrt{(ISP^2 + TPS^2)}$. |
| BAL | Ballast of vessel in pounds. |
| BEAM | Maximum width of the vessel. |
| DECK HEIGHT | The height of the sheer line abreast of the mast. |
| DISP | Displacement of vessel in pounds, without any water, fuel, etc. |
| DRAFT | Distance from bottom of keel to LWL . Also include draft with board down if a centerboard vessel. |
| E | Distance from the after face of the mast to the center of the outhaul sheave or band which ever is less. |
| EC | Calculated value of an E dimension such that max girths become allowable under Section V of these Regulations. |
| EY | The mizzen correspondent of "E". |

| | |
|---------------------|---|
| I | The distance above sheer line to the point of intersection of the head stay and the mast. |
| ISP | The distance above sheer line to the highest headsail halyard. |
| J | Horizontal base of fore triangle measured from head stay intersection at deck edge to front of mast. |
| JGM | The length measured between the mid points of the luff and leech of a jib. |
| LLY | Luff length of the largest mizzen staysail (mule, etc.). |
| LOA | Length overall of hull. |
| LP | Distance perpendicular from the luff to the clew of the jib. [Also referred to as LPG .] |
| LPY | Distance perpendicular from the luff to the clew of the largest mizzen staysail. |
| LWL | Load waterline length. |
| MAT | Construction material of the keel or mast, e.g., lead, iron, carbon, aluminum. |
| Measurements | All measurements shall be in decimal feet to two decimal places [Note: 1 Meter = 3.280833 Feet] |
| MGL | Mainsail girth measurement from a point along the leech, <u>one-quarter (1/4)</u> of the distance from the clew to the head, to the nearest point of the luff. |
| MGM | Mainsail girth measurement from a point along the leech, <u>halfway</u> between the clew and the head, to the nearest point of the luff. |
| MGT | Mainsail girth measurement from a point along the leech, <u>seven-eighths (7/8)</u> of the distance from the clew to the head, to the nearest point of the luff. |
| MGU | Mainsail girth measurement from a point along the leech, <u>three-quarters (3/4)</u> of the distance from the clew to the head, to the nearest point of the luff. |
| Modification | Any restoration, repair or change made to a base boat since manufacture as detailed in Section I and IX of these regulations. |
| P | Height of main luff between black bands or from bottom of upper band to bottom of fixed boom track. (Use top of halyard sheave if no upper band). |
| PY | The mizzen correspondent of " P ". |
| Rated Sail | Those sails upon which the handicap is based; specifically the largest Jib/Genoa, Mainsail, and largest Spinnaker. |
| RFR | Roller Furling Restrained, see Section IV of these regulations for description, application and limits. |
| SFL | The length of the foot of a symmetric spinnaker, measured between the clews. |
| SL | Length of symmetric spinnaker measured along either luff from head to tack, with only enough tension to remove wrinkles. Sail to be stretched flat while measuring. |
| SLE | Asymmetric spinnaker leech, measured from head to clew, with only enough tension to remove wrinkles. Sail to be stretched flat while measuring. |
| SLIM | Equal to: $0.95\sqrt{I^2 + J^2}$, [or $0.95\sqrt{(ISP^2 + TPS^2)}$, if ISP is greater than I or TPS is greater than J or both]. |
| SLU | Asymmetric spinnaker luff, measured from head to tack, with only enough tension to remove wrinkles. Sail to be stretched flat while measuring. |
| SPL | Spinnaker pole length measured from centerline of mast to outboard end of pole when set in a horizontal position, athwart ship. |
| SMW | Maximum symmetric spinnaker girth measured luff to leech (Previously was " G "). |
| TPS | Tack Point Spinnaker; the horizontal distance from the front of the mast at its lowest point above the deck to the point of attachment, at deck level, of the foremost tacking point of an asymmetric or symmetric spinnaker or to the extreme forward end of any bowsprit in its maximum extended position. If a symmetric or an asymmetric spinnaker is flown from a pole, TPS is equal to SPL . TPS replaces former terminology referring to JSP . |
| WPL | Whisker pole length. Measured similarly to SPL . |

Ila. Definitions



III Handicap Adjustments Non-Spinnaker Handicap

Non-Spinnaker handicaps are based on the ratio of mainsail size (including mizzen sails, if applicable), to fore triangle size as follows:
Ratio = $(P \times E + [PY \times EY] + [0.6 \times LLY \times LPY]) / (ISP \times TPS)$.

| <u>Ratio</u> | <u>Rating</u> <u>Adj.</u> | <u>Ratio</u> | <u>Rating</u> <u>Adj.</u> | <u>Ratio</u> | <u>Rating</u> <u>Adj.</u> |
|-----------------------|------------------------------|-----------------------|------------------------------|-----------------------|------------------------------|
| .3 but less than .4 | +26 | 1.2 but less than 1.3 | +17 | 2.2 but less than 2.4 | +8 |
| .4 but less than .5 | +25 | 1.3 but less than 1.4 | +16 | 2.4 but less than 2.6 | +7 |
| .5 but less than .6 | +24 | 1.4 but less than 1.5 | +15 | 2.6 but less than 3.0 | +6 |
| .6 but less than .7 | +23 | 1.5 but less than 1.6 | +14 | 3.0 but less than 3.4 | +5 |
| .7 but less than .8 | +22 | 1.6 but less than 1.7 | +13 | 3.4 but less than 4.0 | +4 |
| .8 but less than .9 | +21 | 1.7 but less than 1.8 | +12 | 4.0 but less than 4.0 | +3 |
| .9 but less than 1.0 | +20 | 1.8 but less than 1.9 | +11 | 5.0 but less than 6.0 | +2 |
| 1.0 but less than 1.1 | +19 | 1.9 but less than 2.0 | +10 | 6.0 but less than 7.0 | +1 |
| 1.1 but less than 1.2 | +18 | 2.0 but less than 2.2 | + 9 | 7.0 + greater | 0 |

Non-Spinnaker handicaps for cat-rigged vessels shall be equal to their Spinnaker handicap minus 6 seconds per mile.

IV. Headsails

A **Jib** shall have a mid-girth, (**JGM**) which is not more than 50% of its foot length. The length of any intermediate girth shall not exceed a value proportionate to its distance from the head of the sail. No headsails may be set to extend aft of the LP line used to establish the handicap. Bloopers and spinnaker staysails are classed as headsails.

Limitations on Jibs These limitations do not apply to bloopers and staysails except their size may not exceed other rated sails.

- A. Jibs must be sheeted from only one point on the sail except while in the process of reefing.
- B. Jibs must be tacked on centerline.
- C. No headboards shall be used.
- D. Battens may be used only if the **LP** is 117% or smaller. The number of battens is limited to four, which must be arranged with approximately equal spacing between the head and clew. There is no limit on batten length.
- E. Only one headsail shall be flown at any one time from the head stay (except during a sail change).
- F. No headsails may be set to extend aft of the **LP** line used to establish the handicap.
- G. No headsail (including stay sails) may be flown that has an **LP** greater than the rated **LP**.

Roller Furler Restrained (RFR) A boat, not subject to One Design or Class rules, which sails with ALL head stay jibs that are tacked to the top of an above deck mounted functional roller furler, and are raised within a head foil (excluding inner stays or free flying staysails), and using a head stay swivel such that the sails can be furled, shall be considered "Roller Furler Restrained" (RFR).

Boats that are sold by the original manufacturer in the RFR configuration or custom boats, upon which the base boat handicap is established, are referred to as an **RFR Base Boat**. All other boats, whether equipped with a roller furler or not, are referred to as a **Non-RFR Base Boat**. In all cases, owners **MUST SPECIFICALLY** indicate their configuration in the application process.

The RFR adjustments are as follows:

| <u>Sailing as</u> | <u>Spinnaker Class</u> | | <u>Non-Spinnaker Class</u> | |
|--------------------|------------------------|-----------------|----------------------------|----------------|
| | <u>RFR</u> | <u>non- RFR</u> | <u>RFR</u> | <u>non-RFR</u> |
| RFR Base Boat | 0 | -3 | 0 | -3 |
| Non- RFR Base Boat | +3 | 0 | +3 | 0 |

Headsail Adjustments

NOTE Headsail handicap adjustments **shall not apply** to boats with One-Design Ratings. For unmodified series production boats use the **design "J"** dimension when determining the adjustment:

Spinnaker Class

| <u>LP/J Size Range</u> | <u>Rating Adjustment</u> |
|---|--------------------------|
| Up to 1.10 | +7 |
| Greater than 1.10 to 1.20 | +6 |
| Greater than 1.20 to 1.30 | +5 |
| Greater than 1.30 to 1.35 | +4 |
| Greater than 1.35 to 1.40 | +3 |
| Greater than 1.40 to 1.45 | +2 |
| Greater than 1.45 to 1.51 | +1 |
| Greater than 1.51 to 1.55 | 0 |
| Greater than 1.55 to 1.60 | -1 |
| Greater than 1.60 to 1.65 | -2 |
| Greater than 1.65 to 1.70 | -3 |
| Greater than 1.70 is adjusted proportionally. | |

Non-Spinnaker Class

| <u>LP/J Size Range</u> | <u>Rating Adjustment</u> |
|---|--------------------------|
| Up to 1.10 | +16 |
| Greater than 1.10 to 1.20 | +13 |
| Greater than 1.20 to 1.30 | +10 |
| Greater than 1.30 to 1.40 | + 7 |
| Greater than 1.40 to 1.48 | + 4 |
| Greater than 1.48 to 1.51 | + 1 |
| Greater than 1.51 to 1.55 | 0 |
| Greater than 1.55 to 1.60 | - 1 |
| Greater than 1.60 to 1.65 | - 2 |
| Greater than 1.65 to 1.70 | - 3 |
| Greater than 1.70 is adjusted proportionally. | |

V. Mainsails

Unless standard for a class, unpenalized mainsail girth shall be limited as follows:

Headboard shall not exceed the greater of 0.04 **E** or 0.5 feet.

MGT (7/8 leech) shall not exceed 0.22 **E**

MGU (3/4 leech) shall not exceed 0.38 **E**

MGM (1/2 leech) shall not exceed 0.65 **E**

MGL (1/4 leech) shall not exceed 0.90 **E**

Individual girth or headboard dimensions that exceed the standard fraction of actual **E**, MUST be declared and will be addressed on a case-by-case basis. IMS Rule 826 will be used for guidance. If actual **E** or **EC** is greater than standard **E**, a penalty of up to 2 seconds/mile may be assessed for each 5% or fraction thereof in excess.

VI. Asymmetric Spinnakers

An **Asymmetric Spinnaker** is defined as having unequal leech (**SLE**) and luff (**SLU**) lengths that differ by more than 5%, and a mid-girth (**AMG**) of not less than 75% of its foot length (**ASF**). Asymmetric spinnakers shall have a free flying luff. Asymmetric spinnakers may be flown from a pole, the deck, or an extension thereof, with a pennant not exceeding 2 feet in length, or from a **non-articulating sprit**.

Pole-Flown An **AMG** of up to 180% x **J** and an average of the leech and luff lengths ($(\text{SLE}+\text{SLU})/2$) not exceeding **ASLIM**, shall be permitted without penalty; provided that TPS (SPL) is equal to J. Oversized sails and poles will be penalized using a similar methodology as for symmetric spinnakers, see **Section VII** below, except that **AMG** shall be substituted for **SMW**, and the average of the leech and luff lengths will be substituted for **SL**. Symmetric Spinnakers may also be flown from the pole on a boat utilizing this configuration.

Sprit-Flown If a boat model comes standard from the manufacturer with a sprit, the "base boat" handicap is based on the largest standard (ODR) asymmetric spinnaker, as specified by the boat manufacturer, provided that the boat is sailing in one design (**ODR**) configuration. All boats choosing to sail outside their ODR configuration (i.e. with PHRF sails) are subject to the "Asymmetric Girth Adjustments as listed below". **Symmetric** Spinnakers may **NOT** be flown from a pole on a boat with a sprit.

Adjustments for Alternative AGM/TPS values

ODR Boats and others sailing in PHRF configuration with a sprit flown asymmetric spinnaker shall be allowed an **AMG** of up to 165% x **TPS**, and an average of the leech and luff lengths $((SLE+SLU)/2)$ not exceeding **ASLIM**, without penalty. Oversized sails will be subject to the adjustments shown in with the table below-

| <u>Girth Adjustments for Asymmetric Spinnakers</u> | |
|--|--------------------------|
| <u>Maximum Spinnaker Pole Length (SPL) Without a Penalty</u> | |
| <u>AMG/TPS</u> | <u>Rating Adjustment</u> |
| Up to 1.65 | 0 |
| Greater than 1.65 to 1.70 | -3 |
| Greater than 1.70 to 1.75 | -6 |
| Greater than 1.75 to 1.80 | -9 |
| Greater than 1.80 will be adjusted proportionally | |

Modified or Retrofit -- Sprit Flown

Boats with a modified or retrofit sprit are subject to the following limitations. A **TPS** equal to **1.24 x J** shall be permitted without penalty or adjustment. Handicap adjustments for alternative **TPS** values will be made in accord with the table below. These adjustments do not apply to OEM sprits. Custom boats will be dealt with on a case-by-case basis. **NOTE: TPS/J and AGM/TPS adjustments are additive.**

| <u>TPS / J %</u> | <u>Rating Adjustment</u> |
|----------------------------|--------------------------|
| Less than or equal to 100% | +9 |
| Greater than 100% to 108% | +6 |
| Greater than 108% to 116% | +3 |
| Greater than 116% to 124% | Zero |
| Greater than 124% to 132% | -3 |
| Greater than 132% to 140% | -6 |
| Greater than 140% | -9 |

Code Zero Spinnakers

Code 0/Close Reaching Spinnakers, are designed to fill a hollow in the polar diagram. They normally have an area of about 60% of a full sized asymmetric and are effective in 40 to 80 degrees apparent wind. These sails are characterized as being made of a laminate or aramid material and have a substantial luff rope for the large luff tensions that these sails require. For handicap purposes, Code 0 spinnakers shall be treated as an asymmetrical spinnaker, and may NOT be attached to a foil. Battens are not permitted and they shall be sheeted from only one point. Currently no handicap adjustment is offered for a Code Zero Spinnaker.

VII. Symmetric Spinnakers

A **Symmetric Spinnaker** shall have a mid girth (**SMW**) that is greater than 75% of its foot length (**SFL**) and be symmetrical about a line joining its head to the center of its foot. Note **SMW=SHW x 2.0**.

Spinnaker rating adjustment is based on the largest spinnaker measured by the **SMW/J** ratio and the **SL/SLIM** ratio. A luff length equal to **SLIM** is standard. The maximum girth (**SMW**) without penalty is equal to $1.8 \times J$. If spinnaker luff length is greater than standard, excess length is converted to excess girth. Convert the excess luff to excess girth using the following formula:

$$\text{SMW/J Rated} = (\text{SMW/J Actual}) \times (\text{SL/SLIM}).$$

Girth Adjustments for Symmetric Spinnakers

| <u>SMW/J</u> | <u>Rating Adjustment</u> |
|---------------------------|----------------------------------|
| Up to 1.80 | 0 |
| Greater than 1.80 to 1.85 | -1 |
| Greater than 1.85 to 1.90 | -2 |
| Greater than 1.90 to 1.95 | -3 |
| Greater than 1.95 to 2.00 | -4 |
| Greater than 2.00 to 2.05 | -5 |
| Greater than 2.05 to 2.10 | -6 |
| Greater than 2.10 | will be adjusted proportionally. |

Maximum Spinnaker Pole Length (SPL) Without a Penalty

For spinnakers where **SMW** is less than or equal to $1.8 \times J$, **TPS=J**.

For spinnakers where **SMW** is larger than $1.8 \times J$, **TPS=SMW/1.80**.

If **TPS** exceeds both **J** and **SMW/1.8**, use the Girth Adjustment Tables (substituting 1.8 TPS/J for **SMW/J**) to determine pole penalty.

The spinnaker/pole penalty shall be the greater of either the girth penalty or the pole penalty, but not both.

Whisker Poles Whisker poles must be declared, but there is no whisker pole length (**WPL**) limit.

Mast Height Adjustments

(Only applicable when "I" & "P" change equally.)

Standard Mast Height is "ISP"

Excess or deficient height is measured by mast ratio. **Mast Ratio**= Actual "ISP"/Std. "ISP"

| <u>Mast Ratio</u> | <u>Rating Adj.</u> |
|---------------------------|-----------------------------|
| Greater than 0.91 to 0.93 | +12 |
| Greater than 0.93 to 0.95 | + 9 |
| Greater than 0.95 to 0.97 | + 6 |
| Greater than 0.97 to 0.99 | + 3 |
| Greater than 0.99 to 1.00 | 0 |
| Greater than 1.00 to 1.03 | - 3 |
| Greater than 1.03 to 1.05 | - 6 |
| Greater than 1.05 to 1.07 | - 9 |
| Greater than 1.07 to 1.09 | -12 |
| Greater than 1.09 to 1.11 | -15 |
| Greater than 1.11 | is adjusted proportionally. |

Engine or prop too small to drive vessel

at KTS = $0.8 (1.3\sqrt{LWL})$ -6
(Not applicable if temporary engine outage.)

Propeller Adjustments

Inboard Engine

| | |
|---------------------------------------|-----|
| 2, 3 or 4 blade folding or feathering | 0 |
| Solid 2 blade aperture | 0 |
| Auto Prop | + 3 |
| Solid 2 blade exposed to water | + 6 |
| Solid 3 blade in aperture | + 6 |
| Solid 3 blade exposed to water | +12 |

Outboard Engine Propellers

Std. retracted when racing 0

Engine not retracted, prop immersed on both tacks:

| | |
|---------|-----|
| 2 blade | + 6 |
| 3 blade | +12 |

VIII. Additional Non Spinnaker Regulations

- A. The intent of non-spinnaker racing is that boats sail off the wind with the same sails they use to sail on the wind. Therefore, ketches and yawls may not fly staysails off the wind unless such sails are used when sailing upwind.
- B. Except when changing headsails, participating yachts rated as a sloop, may only fly one headsail at a time.
- C. Yachts that are permanently rigged as a Cutter may fly a staysail. The inner forestay shall be set up at all times.
- D. Any boat, not subject to One Design or Class rules when sailing in a non-spinnaker class, is eligible for a non-spinnaker handicap adjustment.
- E. All headsails must have the luff fully attached to the head stay.
- F. See the Roller Furler Restrained adjustments in **Section IV** above.

IX. Boat Modifications

Proper Racing Trim:

Yachts shall race as rated with at least all the equipment and furnishings supplied as standard by the manufacturer. A yacht that has altered or has removed bulkheads, permanently attached furniture, or structural interior components shall be considered a custom or modified yacht. Drawers, headliners, cabinet and locker doors, steps, ladders, and engine enclosures shall remain in place as supplied as standard equipment. If they do not remain, then the yacht shall be considered a modified yacht and rated accordingly. Lifting keels (not designed to be adjusted while racing) must be fixed and locked in the lowered position while racing.

Modified Structure:

All after market structural work must be reported by the applicant and reviewed by the Council on a boat-by-boat basis. Refer to **Section I** above for guidance regarding what needs be reported. When possible, we recommend that plans be reviewed with your handicapper before work is started. Alternately, documentation of modifications previously completed by you or others, should include as built photographs and/or as-built drawings with notes on materials and dimensions.. Any modifications in the bow area to add or modify a SPRIT Must be reported. Articulating sprits are not allowed. Removal of an OEM roller-furling device is considered a modification and must be reported. All modified boats will be reviewed and assessed on a case-by-case basis.

All changes in the bow area to add or modify a sprit must be reported, providing the **TPS** length. **Articulating** sprits are not permitted.